



**MANAGEMENT’S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS  
FOR THE THIRD QUARTER AND YEAR-TO-DATE ENDED FEBRUARY 4, 2023**

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# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The following is Management's Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A") of the consolidated financial results of Empire Company Limited ("Empire" or the "Company") (TSX: EMP.A) and its subsidiaries, including wholly-owned Sobeys Inc. ("Sobeys") for the third quarter and year-to-date ended February 4, 2023 compared to the third quarter and year-to-date ended January 29, 2022. The MD&A should be read in conjunction with the Company's unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements and notes thereto for the third quarter and year-to-date ended February 4, 2023 and the audited annual consolidated financial statements and the related MD&A for the fiscal year ended May 7, 2022. Additional information about the Company can be found on SEDAR at [www.sedar.com](http://www.sedar.com) or on the Company's website at [www.empireco.ca](http://www.empireco.ca).

The unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standard ("IAS") 34, "Interim financial reporting" as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") and are reported in Canadian dollars. The unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company's annual consolidated financial statements for the year ended May 7, 2022, which have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as issued by the IASB. The unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Empire and its subsidiaries and structured entities which the Company is required to consolidate.

The information contained in this MD&A is current to March 15, 2023 unless otherwise noted. There have been no material changes to disclosures as contained in the "Critical Accounting Estimates", "Contingencies" or "Risk Management" sections of the Company's MD&A for the fiscal year ended May 7, 2022 other than as noted in this MD&A.

## FORWARD-LOOKING INFORMATION

This document contains forward-looking statements which are presented for the purpose of assisting the reader to contextualize the Company's financial position and understand management's expectations regarding the Company's strategic priorities, objectives and plans. These forward-looking statements may not be appropriate for other purposes. Forward-looking statements are identified by words or phrases such as "anticipates", "expects", "believes", "estimates", "intends", "could", "may", "plans", "predicts", "projects", "will", "would", "foresees" and other similar expressions or the negative of these terms.

These forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to, the following items:

- Management's expectations regarding the scope and impact of the Cybersecurity Event (as defined under the heading "Business Update – Cybersecurity Event"), and the estimate of the impact on its financial results in the third quarter of fiscal 2023 and subsequent quarters. These statements and expectations may be impacted by several factors including the nature, amount and timing of the insurance outcome;
- The Company's expectations regarding the financial impact and benefits of Project Horizon and its underlying initiatives, which could be impacted by several factors, including the time required by the Company to complete the initiatives and the effects of inflationary pressures;
- The FreshCo expansion in Western Canada and Farm Boy expansion in Ontario, including the Company's expectations regarding future operating results and profitability, the amount and timing of expenses, the projected number of store openings, and the location, feasibility and timing of construction, all of which may be impacted by construction schedules and permits, the economic environment and labour relations;
- The Company's plans to further grow sales and profitability of its Own Brands, which may be impacted by future operating costs and customer response;
- The Company's expectations for net earnings dilution for the Voilà program for fiscal 2023, which may be impacted by future operating and capital costs, customer response and the performance of its technology provider, Ocado Group plc ("Ocado");

- The Company's expectation of the impacts of cost inflationary pressures, which may be impacted by supplier relationships and negotiations and the macro-economic environment;
- The Company's expectation that labour shortages will not have further significant impacts on supply chain challenges, which may be impacted by labour force availability;
- The Company's expectations regarding the amount and timing of expenses relating to the completion of any future Customer Fulfilment Centres ("CFC"), which may be impacted by supply of materials and equipment, construction schedules and capacity of construction contractors;
- The Company's expectations that fiscal 2023 will achieve growth of same-store sales, which may be impacted by the effects of inflationary pressures on consumer buying behaviours;
- The Company's expectations on the timing of the disposition of 56 retail fuel sites in Western Canada, which may be impacted by regulatory approval and closing conditions;
- The Company's plan to integrate Voilà and Grocery Gateway may be impacted by supplier transition of platforms;
- The Company's estimates regarding future capital expenditures, which may be impacted by operating results and impacts of the economic environment;
- The Company's expected contributions to its registered defined benefit plans, which could be impacted by fluctuations in capital markets;
- The Company's expectation that its cash and cash equivalents on hand, together with unutilized aggregate credit facilities and cash generated from operating activities will enable the Company to fund future capital investments, pension plan contributions, working capital, current funded debt obligations and ongoing business requirements, and its belief that it has sufficient funding in place to meet these requirements and other short and long-term obligations, all of which could be impacted by changes in the economic environment; and
- The Company's plans to purchase for cancellation Non-Voting Class A shares under the normal course issuer bid, which may be impacted by market and economic conditions, availability of sellers, changes in laws and regulations, and the results of operations.

By its nature, forward-looking information requires the Company to make assumptions and is subject to inherent risks, uncertainties and other factors which may cause actual results to differ materially from forward-looking statements made. For more information on risks, uncertainties and assumptions that may impact the Company's forward-looking statements, please refer to the Company's materials filed with the Canadian securities regulatory authorities, including the "Risk Management" section of the fiscal 2022 annual MD&A.

Although the Company believes the predictions, forecasts, expectations or conclusions reflected in the forward-looking information are reasonable, it can provide no assurance that such matters will prove correct. Readers are urged to consider the risks, uncertainties and assumptions carefully in evaluating the forward-looking information and are cautioned not to place undue reliance on such forward-looking information. The forward-looking information in this document reflects the Company's current expectations and is subject to change. The Company does not undertake to update any forward-looking statements that may be made by or on behalf of the Company other than as required by applicable securities laws.

## OVERVIEW OF THE BUSINESS

Empire's key businesses and financial results are segmented into two reportable segments: (i) Food retailing; and (ii) Investments and other operations. With approximately \$30.9 billion in annual sales and \$16.4 billion in assets, Empire and its subsidiaries, franchisees and affiliates employ approximately 130,000 people.

Empire's Food retailing segment is carried out through Sobeys, a wholly-owned subsidiary. Proudly Canadian, with headquarters in Stellarton, Nova Scotia, Sobeys has been serving the food shopping needs of Canadians since 1907. Sobeys owns, affiliates or franchises more than 1,600 stores in all 10 provinces under retail banners that include Sobeys, Safeway, IGA, Foodland, FreshCo, Thrifty Foods, Farm Boy, Longo's and Lawtons Drugs, operates grocery e-commerce under the banners Voilà, Grocery Gateway, IGA.net and ThriftyFoods.com, and operates more than 350 retail fuel locations.

### **Company Strategy**

In the first quarter of fiscal 2021, the Company launched Project Horizon, a three-year strategy focused on core business expansion and the acceleration of e-commerce. In its third and final year, the Company has remained disciplined in its Project Horizon execution focused on growing market share and building on cost and margin discipline despite significant inflationary pressures. The Company's assessment of Project Horizon will exclude the full impacts of the Cybersecurity Event due to its unusual nature and the expectation that the timing of some insurance recoveries will occur after the fiscal year end. See "Business Updates – Cybersecurity Event" for more information on these adjustments. The Company is on track to achieve its Horizon target of an incremental \$500 million in annualized earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation, and amortization ("EBITDA")<sup>(1)</sup>. Over Project Horizon's three-year timeframe the Company expects to generate a compound average growth rate in earnings per share ("EPS")<sup>(1)</sup> of approximately 13% and an increase in EBITDA margin of approximately 50 basis points, both excluding the full impact of the Cybersecurity Event and the one-time costs associated with the Grocery Gateway integration.

In fiscal 2021, Project Horizon benefits were achieved from the expansion and renovation of the Company's store network, the addition of new stores, improvement in store operations and merchandising from data analytics along with continued efficiencies gained through strategic sourcing initiatives.

In fiscal 2022, benefits were achieved from promotional optimization and data analytics, the continued expansion and renovation of the store network, and strategic sourcing efficiencies. Benefits achieved in fiscal 2021 and fiscal 2022 were partially offset by the planned investment in the Company's e-commerce network.

These initiatives continue to deliver benefits in fiscal 2023. Additional benefits are expected from strategic initiatives launched more recently as part of Project Horizon, including *Scene+*, the Company's new loyalty program. *Scene+* was successfully launched in Atlantic Canada in August 2022, followed by Western Canada in September 2022 and Ontario in November 2022. During the fourth quarter of fiscal 2023, *Scene+* will be launched in Quebec and in the Thrifty Foods banner in British Columbia ("B.C."). Project Horizon initiatives focused on loyalty, store optimization and customer experience will largely provide financial benefits in fiscal 2024 and beyond.

### **Growth in Market Share**

Growth in market share is expected from supporting and investing further in the store network, improving store productivity, scaling grocery e-commerce, growing the Own Brands portfolio, providing best-in-class personalization, continuing the expansion of the discount business in Western Canada and increasing the Farm Boy footprint in Ontario. These initiatives are all part of the Project Horizon strategic plan. The acquisition of Longo's, which occurred in the first quarter of fiscal 2022, further added to the growth in market share.

*(1) See "Non-GAAP Financial Measures & Financial Metrics" section of this MD&A.*

### *Invest in the Company's Store Network*

The Company has accelerated investments in renovations and conversions, store processes, communications, training, technology and tools. These continuing investments, coupled with refreshed brand marketing strategies and the expansion of the Farm Boy and FreshCo banners, are reflected in the Company's capital spending over the Project Horizon timeframe. See the "Capital Expenditures" section of this MD&A for further details.

### *Improve Store Productivity*

The Company began building the foundation of its advanced analytics capabilities a few years ago. Analytics will continue to drive improvements in customer facing elements such as store layouts, customer promotions and availability of product on shelf. These new advanced analytics capabilities enable the Company to further improve customer experience by optimizing category and product adjacencies and to tailor its assortment for each store format.

### *Win Canadian Grocery E-Commerce*

The first CFC in Toronto, Ontario has been operating for almost three years, while the second CFC, located in Montreal, began delivering to customers just over a year ago. The third and fourth CFCs located in Calgary and the Greater Vancouver Area ("Vancouver"), respectively, are in different stages of development. The Calgary CFC will begin operations in fiscal 2024. In September 2020, the Company introduced its store pick solution at select store locations and has expanded to 98 stores nationally in areas where CFCs will not deliver or are not yet operating. The Company has an e-commerce option available for customers in every province.

### *Grow the Company's Own Brands Portfolio*

The Company has improved its Own Brands positioning and branding. The Company reviews the specific role of Own Brands in each category and determines which categories and banners to expand based on consumer needs. Working closely with its supplier partners, the Company plans to further grow sales and profitability of its Own Brands portfolio through increased distribution, shelf placement, product innovation and cost of goods sold reduction.

### *Provide Best-in-Class Customer Personalization*

The Company is investing in analytics and technology to better identify customer preferences and to support direct, personalized communication – evolving from mass communications to personalized connections with its customers. The goal is to deploy world-class, personalized communications and offers to inspire customers and improve the experience and relevance of promotions.

The Company has developed a next generation recommendation engine for one-to-one, machine learning powered personalization at scale. This engine was launched as part of the *Scene+* rollout. The recommendation engine is delivering positive early results, specifically improved customer engagement and offer relevancy. The targeting algorithms will continue to improve over time, driving progressively better performance and results.

In June 2022, the Company unveiled a new loyalty strategy through *Scene+*, one of Canada's leading loyalty programs. Along with Scotiabank and Cineplex, the Company is now a co-owner of *Scene+*. The new loyalty program was successfully launched in Atlantic Canada in August 2022, followed by Western Canada in September 2022 and Ontario in November 2022. This marks the first time a loyalty program has been offered in FreshCo and Chalo stores. During the fourth quarter of fiscal 2023, *Scene+* will be launched in Quebec and in the Thrifty Foods banner in B.C. AIR MILES® collectors will continue to earn and redeem in the Company's stores until the new *Scene+* program is available.

## **Building on Cost and Margin Discipline**

The Company has significantly improved its efficiency and cost competitiveness through sourcing efficiencies, investing in analytics to improve the customer value proposition, optimizing supply chain productivity and improving systems and processes. Further opportunity still remains to remove non-value added costs and optimize margins.

### *Drive Non-Merchandising Sourcing Efficiencies*

The strategic sourcing team continues to build additional efficiencies and cost reductions in indirect expenditures.

### *Continue to Build Merchandising Sourcing Efficiencies*

The Company continues to invest in advanced data analytics to support its category planning process. Category managers work with both national brand and private brand suppliers to capture gains identified through category-by-category reviews, while continuing to partner with suppliers on new opportunities to ensure the Company brings the best value and offers to its customers. The Company's national sourcing team, with centralized sourcing responsibilities, continues to navigate inflationary pressures and supply chain disruptions, allowing category managers to focus on delivering value to the Company's customers.

### *Invest in Best-in-Class Analytics to Improve Customer Value Proposition*

Advanced analytics tools are helping the Company shift investments to the products customers care most about, with the goal of improving value for customers. These tools are being leveraged nationally by category managers across all formats to improve the Company's effectiveness of promotions. The promotional optimization initiative – a partnership between the advanced analytics team and category managers – began to show benefits in margins during fiscal 2021. Continued refinement of the advanced analytics tools drove further improvements in fiscal 2022 and continue to do so in fiscal 2023.

### *Optimize Supply Chain Productivity*

The Company continues to optimize its supply chain and logistics networks and consolidate certain procurement processes. During fiscal 2021, the Company consolidated two distribution centres in Quebec into one facility and opened a new distribution centre in B.C. which consolidated three distribution centres into one facility. These consolidations increased capacity and efficiency in the network.

### *Improve System and Process*

By leveraging technology to improve systems and process, the Company has further opportunities to generate efficiencies and cost reductions in its support functions and improve its service to stores.

## **Business Updates**

### **Cybersecurity Event**

On November 4, 2022, Empire experienced IT system issues related to a cybersecurity event (the "Cybersecurity Event" or "Event"). Upon discovery, the Company immediately activated its incident response and business continuity plans, including the engagement of world-class experts, isolated the source and implemented measures to prevent further spread.

This Cybersecurity Event and the precautionary response caused some temporary challenges. For example, availability of some products was temporarily impacted, pharmacy services were shut down for four days while some in-store services, such as self checkouts, gift cards and redemption of *Scene+* points were impacted for approximately one week. Other than this, customers would have noticed very few changes to their normal shopping experience.

Empire's security teams, supplemented by leading cyber defense firms, worked to remediate this incident, implemented preventative measures, including proactively shutting certain systems down out of an abundance of caution, and took steps to supplement existing security monitoring, scanning and protective measures. During restoration efforts, the Company established certain workaround processes to ensure continuity of supply chain, product availability, costing and retail pricing. Empire has substantially completed its controlled and phased approach to systematically bringing information and administrative systems back online.

The Company regards the protection of personal information as critically important and has taken all required steps with privacy regulators and potentially impacted individuals.

The Company has a multi-layered security approach involving cyber software tools, controls, policies, standards and procedures pertaining to security access, system development, change management and problem and incident management. This Cybersecurity Event has reinforced the importance of the investments already made in the cybersecurity area, as well as upcoming investments in the IT systems and people. Continuous enhancement of the Company's IT infrastructure will strengthen its defense against future such incidents.

The Company maintains a variety of insurance coverages, including cyber insurance. Empire is in the process of working with its insurance providers to make claims under its policies. Due to the complexity of the cyber insurance coverage and related claims, there will be a time lag between the initial incurrence of costs and the recognition of insurance proceeds. While the impact of the Cybersecurity Event is substantially behind the Company, management expects that there will be some additional costs incurred after the third quarter of fiscal 2023.

The Cybersecurity Event is considered an unusual item and will be excluded from the Company's assessment of Project Horizon. For comparative purposes, the Company is presenting Adjusted Metrics (which include adjusted operating income <sup>(1)</sup>, adjusted EBITDA <sup>(1)</sup>, adjusted net earnings <sup>(1)</sup> and adjusted EPS <sup>(1)</sup>) to exclude the impact of the Cybersecurity Event. The financial impact of incremental direct costs and inventory shrink on net earnings in the third quarter is estimated to be (\$39.1) million, net of estimated insurance recoveries to date. Please refer to the "Summary Results – Third Quarter" section of this document for a reconciliation of these non-GAAP financial measures.

In addition, certain financial impacts are not reflected in the Adjusted Metrics described above, as they relate to sales declines which management considers are attributable to the Event, as well as operational effectiveness which temporarily declined during the Event. Management estimates that the impact on net earnings in the third quarter was at least (\$15.0) million from impacts such as the temporary loss of advanced planning, promotion, and fresh item management tools, temporary closures of pharmacies and customers' inability to redeem gift cards and loyalty points.

Empire estimates, based on available information, that the final impact on net earnings over fiscal 2023 and fiscal 2024 will be approximately (\$32.0) million, net of estimated insurance recoveries.

### **Farm Boy**

The acquisition of Farm Boy on December 10, 2018 added 26 locations to the Company's Ontario store network. The Company expects to open an additional 22 stores in the five years following the acquisition date, mainly in the Greater Toronto Area ("GTA"). The Company opened one new location in each of the second and third quarters of fiscal 2023, and has opened an additional location subsequent to the end of the third quarter for a total of three new stores to date in fiscal 2023. As at March 15, 2023, Farm Boy has 47 stores open and operating. One store opening originally planned for fiscal 2023 has been delayed to the first half of fiscal 2024.

Empire is hereby announcing that the next locations for its Farm Boy banner will be Burlington and Port Credit, Ontario. As a result, the Company has now confirmed Farm Boy's first 50 locations in Ontario.

### **FreshCo**

In fiscal 2018, the Company announced plans to expand its FreshCo discount format to Western Canada with expectations of converting up to 25% of the 255 Safeway and Sobeys full-service format stores in Western Canada to the FreshCo banner. The Company opened one FreshCo store in Alberta during the third quarter of fiscal 2023 and opened another store in Alberta subsequent to the end of the third quarter. As at March 15, 2023, FreshCo has 44 stores in Western Canada open and operating.

*(1) See "Non-GAAP Financial Measures & Financial Metrics" section of this MD&A.*

## **Voilà**

In fiscal 2021, the Company introduced its new e-commerce platform, Voilà, which is the future of online grocery home delivery in Canada. Voilà is powered by industry-leading technology provided by Ocado, through its automated CFCs. Robots assemble orders efficiently and safely, resulting in minimal product handling, while Voilà teammates deliver orders directly to customers' homes.

The Company will operate four CFCs across Canada. With these four CFCs, the supporting spokes and curbside pickup, the Company will be able to serve approximately 75% of Canadian households representing approximately 90% of Canadians' projected e-commerce spend. The first CFC in Toronto began deliveries on June 22, 2020 and has been successfully operating for almost three years.

The second CFC in Montreal began deliveries in March 2022, beginning with a phased transition of customers to Voilà par IGA from IGA.net. The rollout was completed in the first quarter of fiscal 2023 and Voilà par IGA now services over 100 municipalities from Gatineau to Montreal to Quebec City. The Montreal CFC is progressing well with increasing weekly order volume and strong customer experience metrics, including on-time delivery and fulfilment.

Crombie Real Estate Investment Trust ("Crombie REIT") completed the construction of the building for Voilà's third CFC in Calgary and has turned it over to Ocado to build the internal grid. The CFC will service the majority of Alberta, with deliveries expected to start in the first quarter of fiscal 2024.

On February 7, 2022, the Company announced that its fourth CFC will be located in Vancouver and will service customers in B.C. starting in calendar 2025.

In fiscal 2021, the Company launched Voilà curbside pickup, which currently services 98 stores in locations across Atlantic Canada, Ontario, Manitoba, Saskatchewan, Alberta and B.C. The curbside pickup solution is powered by Ocado technology and serves customers in areas where future CFCs will not, or are not yet, operating.

Voilà's future earnings will primarily be impacted by the rate of sales growth. Voilà's capture of the market continues to be strong. Management expects that Voilà's net earnings dilution for fiscal 2023 will be approximately the same as fiscal 2022.

Longo's e-commerce business, Grocery Gateway, will be merged into Voilà in July 2023 thereby capturing logistics and delivery synergies. Operating as a 'shop in shop' will increase the reach of Longo's within Ontario and increase Voilà's product count by approximately 2,000 Longo's products. The costs of the integration will be charged to earnings in the fourth quarter of fiscal 2023 and are estimated to be approximately \$11.0 million after tax.

In the third quarter of fiscal 2023, Voilà delivered sequential growth of 9.4% versus the second quarter of fiscal 2023. Overall, the Company's four e-commerce platforms (Voilà, Grocery Gateway, IGA.net and ThriftyFoods.com) experienced a combined sales decline of 14.7% compared to the same quarter in the prior year. The decrease is primarily driven by higher online sales in the third quarter of fiscal 2022 as a result of the pandemic.

## **Longo's**

On May 10, 2021, the Company, through a wholly-owned subsidiary, acquired 51% of Longo's, a long-standing, family-built network of specialty grocery stores in the GTA, and its Grocery Gateway e-commerce business. The purchase price of the transaction was \$660.6 million. The Company acquired the business through the issuance of 3,187,348 Non-Voting Class A shares with a transaction date price of \$129.6 million, cash of \$196.6 million and a contingent note payable of \$10.7 million.

After the fifth anniversary of the transaction, the Longo's 49% non-controlling shareholders have an option to sell up to a 12.25% interest in Longo's to Sobeys per annum, at a multiple applied to the last 12 months EBITDA. The multiple will vary depending on achievement of certain business results. If Longo's non-controlling shareholders exercise an option to sell, Sobeys will have a corresponding call option for the same percentage in the following year. After the tenth anniversary of the transaction, both Sobeys and Longo's have mutual put and call options for any remaining minority shares outstanding. A financial liability of \$239.7 million was recognized at the date of acquisition which is remeasured at the end of each quarter.



### **Store Closure, Conversion and Lease Terminations**

During the third quarter and year-to-date ended February 4, 2023, the Company recorded a recovery of \$0.9 million and \$1.5 million, respectively, in accrued store closure and conversion costs related to FreshCo conversions. For the third quarter and year-to-date ended January 29, 2022, the Company expensed \$5.6 million and \$17.9 million, respectively.

During the third quarter and year-to-date of fiscal 2022, the Company engaged in lease termination transactions which resulted in other income of \$11.2 million and \$22.8 million, respectively. There have been no lease termination transactions to date in fiscal 2023.

### **Sustainable Business Reporting**

Environmental, Social and Governance (“ESG”) has deep roots in the Company’s history, and the principles of ESG have been a part of the organization since the Company started 115 years ago.

The Company published its 2022 Sustainable Business Report in July 2022 which set bold, science-based emissions reduction targets in support of Canada’s transition to a low-carbon economy. This is a significant step forward in the Company’s plan to help combat climate change and is the latest step in the journey to commit and invest in sustainability. As part of the Company’s sustainability commitments and corporate governance practices, the Company will launch a newly established Sustainable Business Council (the “Council”) in fiscal 2023. In conjunction with the Company’s science-based targets (which are being validated by the Science-Based Targets initiative), the Council will ensure accurate reporting of carbon emissions for internal monitoring and external reporting.

The Company is focused on several initiatives as part of a continuing ESG journey such as working to remove plastics from the business, focusing on avoidable and hard-to-recycle plastics, expanding the Company’s efforts to cultivate a fair, equitable and inclusive environment for all and embedding sustainable business mandates within the Company’s performance management goals.

## OUTLOOK

The Company continues to be well positioned to pursue growth despite the impacts of higher than normal inflation and supply chain challenges.

The industry continues to experience heightened levels of inflationary pressures, particularly related to cost of goods sold and fuel. Although it is difficult to estimate how long these pressures will last, the Company is focused on supplier relationships and negotiations to ensure competitive pricing for consumers whose shopping behaviours have become more price sensitive as a result of the heightened inflationary environment.

The industry continues to experience supply chain challenges due to ongoing labour shortages. Although it is difficult to estimate the duration of these challenges, the Company remains focused on utilizing alternative sourcing options where necessary and does not expect significant adverse impacts to its supply chain.

The Company expects same-store sales will grow in fiscal 2023. For the third quarter of fiscal 2023, same-store sales growth excluding fuel was 0.1% compared to a decline of 1.7% in the same quarter last year. Same-store sales growth was 0.4% and 3.1% in the first and second quarter of fiscal 2023, respectively. Margins will continue to benefit from Project Horizon initiatives and other operating improvements in fiscal 2023. These benefits could be partially offset by the effect of sales mix changes between banners and the impact of higher fuel pricing.

The Company expects continued improvements in the results of Voilà's Toronto CFC as volumes increase and efficiencies improve. At the same time, Voilà will also incur additional costs as the Montreal CFC continues to ramp up and the Calgary and Vancouver CFCs are commissioned. The ramp up of the Montreal CFC resulted in higher costs in the first half of fiscal 2023 with improved results expected in the remainder of the year. Future earnings will be primarily impacted by the rate of sales growth. The Company expects Voilà's fiscal 2023 net earnings dilution to be approximately the same as fiscal 2022.

The Company continues to expand its discount business in Western Canada with 44 stores now operating as of March 15, 2023. Newer stores are improving efficiency at a faster rate than the early conversion stores as the business gains critical mass across each province.

On December 13, 2022, the Company signed a definitive agreement between a wholly-owned subsidiary of Sobeys and Canadian Mobility Services Limited, a wholly-owned subsidiary of Shell Canada, to sell all 56 retail fuel sites in Western Canada for approximately \$100.0 million. Closing of the transaction is subject to customary conditions, including regulatory approvals. The Company expects the transaction to close in the first quarter of fiscal 2024.

The Company is on track to achieve an incremental \$500 million in annualized EBITDA. Over Project Horizon's three-year timeframe, the Company expects to generate a compound average growth rate in EPS of approximately 13% and an increase in EBITDA margin of approximately 50 basis points, both excluding the full impact of the Cybersecurity Event and the one-time costs associated with the Grocery Gateway integration.

The 53<sup>rd</sup> week of operations in fiscal 2022 accounted for approximately \$551.0 million in sales and generated earnings per share of \$0.07. This will have an impact on Empire's year-over-year results in the fourth quarter of fiscal 2023.

The estimated impact of the Cybersecurity Event on adjusted net earnings in the third quarter of fiscal 2023 is (\$39.1) million, net of initial insurance recoveries. The Company also estimates that additional impacts to net earnings from declines in sales and operational effectiveness due to impacts such as the temporary loss of advanced planning, promotion and fresh item management tools, temporary closure of pharmacies, and customers' inability to redeem gift cards and loyalty points was at least (\$15.0) million in the third quarter of fiscal 2023.

The Company estimates that the final impact of the Cybersecurity Event on net earnings over fiscal 2023 and fiscal 2024 will be approximately (\$32.0) million, net of estimated insurance recoveries. Insurance recoveries are expected to be received over the next several quarters.

The Company expects the costs of the integration of Grocery Gateway operations into Voilà will be charged to earnings in the fourth quarter of fiscal 2023 and are estimated to be approximately \$11.0 million after tax.

## SUMMARY RESULTS – THIRD QUARTER

On November 4, 2022, Empire experienced IT system issues related to a Cybersecurity Event. The Company has included in its Adjusted Metrics an adjustment for direct costs such as inventory shrink, hardware and software restoration costs, legal and professional fees, and labour costs, net of insurance recoveries to date. The adjustment to net earnings was (\$39.1) million.

In addition, the Cybersecurity Event required certain operational systems to be shut down for several weeks. The inability to utilize these systems had a temporary negative impact on Empire's sales and operational effectiveness, further impacting third quarter net earnings by at least (\$15.0) million ((\$0.06) per share).

Empire is in the process of working with its insurance providers to make claims under its policies. Due to the complexity of the cyber insurance coverage and related claims, there will be a time lag between the initial incurrence of costs and the recognition of insurance proceeds.

(\$ in millions, except per share amounts)	13 Weeks Ended				39 Weeks Ended			
	Feb. 4, 2023	Jan. 29, 2022	\$ Change	% Change	Feb. 4, 2023	Jan. 29, 2022	\$ Change	% Change
Sales	\$ 7,489.3	\$ 7,377.3	\$ 112.0	1.5%	\$ 23,069.7	\$ 22,321.6	\$ 748.1	3.4%
Gross profit <sup>(1)</sup>	1,900.6	1,892.7	7.9	0.4%	5,833.7	5,655.7	178.0	3.1%
Operating income	232.8	354.8	(122.0)	(34.4)%	910.8	1,030.1	(119.3)	(11.6)%
Adjusted operating income <sup>(1)</sup>	285.4	354.8	(69.4)	(19.6)%	963.4	1,030.1	(66.7)	(6.5)%
EBITDA <sup>(1)</sup>	492.5	597.5	(105.0)	(17.6)%	1,670.7	1,744.6	(73.9)	(4.2)%
Adjusted EBITDA <sup>(1)</sup>	545.1	597.5	(52.4)	(8.8)%	1,723.3	1,744.6	(21.3)	(1.2)%
Finance costs, net	67.8	66.0	1.8	2.7%	196.8	200.1	(3.3)	(1.6)%
Income tax expense	34.2	75.1	(40.9)	(54.5)%	174.2	212.1	(37.9)	(17.9)%
Non-controlling interest	5.1	10.3	(5.2)	(50.5)%	36.7	50.6	(13.9)	(27.5)%
Net earnings <sup>(2)</sup>	125.7	203.4	(77.7)	(38.2)%	503.1	567.3	(64.2)	(11.3)%
Adjusted net earnings <sup>(1)(2)</sup>	164.8	203.4	(38.6)	(19.0)%	542.2	567.3	(25.1)	(4.4)%

### Basic earnings per share

Net earnings <sup>(2)</sup>	\$ 0.49	\$ 0.77	\$ 1.93	\$ 2.14
Adjusted net earnings <sup>(1)(2)</sup>	\$ 0.64	\$ 0.77	\$ 2.08	\$ 2.14
Basic weighted average number of shares outstanding (in millions)	257.9	264.1	260.1	265.7

### Diluted earnings per share

Net earnings <sup>(2)</sup>	\$ 0.49	\$ 0.77	\$ 1.93	\$ 2.13
Adjusted net earnings <sup>(1)(2)</sup>	\$ 0.64	\$ 0.77	\$ 2.08	\$ 2.13
Diluted weighted average number of shares outstanding (in millions)	258.4	264.9	260.7	266.6
Dividend per share	\$ 0.165	\$ 0.150	\$ 0.495	\$ 0.450

	13 Weeks Ended		39 Weeks Ended	
	Feb. 4, 2023	Jan. 29, 2022	Feb. 4, 2023	Jan. 29, 2022
Gross margin <sup>(1)</sup>	25.4%	25.7%	25.3%	25.3%
EBITDA margin <sup>(1)</sup>	6.6%	8.1%	7.2%	7.8%
Adjusted EBITDA margin <sup>(1)</sup>	7.3%	8.1%	7.5%	7.8%
Same-store sales <sup>(1)</sup> growth	0.6%	0.2%	2.5%	0.0%
Same-store sales growth (decline), excluding fuel	0.1%	(1.7)%	1.1%	(1.8)%
Effective income tax rate	20.7%	26.0%	24.4%	25.6%

(1) See "Non-GAAP Financial Measures & Financial Metrics" section of this MD&A for a description of the types of costs included. Additionally, in the third quarter of fiscal 2023, certain estimated financial impacts associated with the Cybersecurity Event are not reflected in the Adjusted Metrics above as they relate to sales declines which management considers are attributable to the Event, as well as operational effectiveness which temporarily declined during the Event. Management estimates that the impact of these non-adjusted items on operating income and EBITDA to be at least (\$20.0) million, and the net earnings impact to be at least (\$15.0) million.

(2) Attributable to owners of the Company.

## **Food Retailing**

The following is a review of Empire's Food retailing segment's financial performance for the third quarter and year-to-date.

(\$ in millions)	13 Weeks Ended				39 Weeks Ended			
	Feb. 4, 2023	Jan. 29, 2022	\$ Change	% Change	Feb. 4, 2023	Jan. 29, 2022	\$ Change	% Change
Sales	\$ 7,489.3	\$ 7,377.3	\$ 112.0	1.5%	\$ 23,069.7	\$ 22,321.6	\$ 748.1	3.4%
Gross profit	1,900.6	1,892.7	7.9	0.4%	5,833.7	5,655.7	178.0	3.1%
Operating income	212.3	313.1	(100.8)	(32.2)%	835.6	955.8	(120.2)	(12.6)%
Adjusted operating income <sup>(1)</sup>	264.9	313.1	(48.2)	(15.4)%	888.2	955.8	(67.6)	(7.1)%
EBITDA	471.9	555.7	(83.8)	(15.1)%	1,595.1	1,669.9	(74.8)	(4.5)%
Adjusted EBITDA <sup>(1)</sup>	524.5	555.7	(31.2)	(5.6)%	1,647.7	1,669.9	(22.2)	(1.3)%
Net earnings <sup>(2)</sup>	110.3	173.7	(63.4)	(36.5)%	446.6	512.7	(66.1)	(12.9)%
Adjusted net earnings <sup>(1)(2)</sup>	149.4	173.7	(24.3)	(14.0)%	485.7	512.7	(27.0)	(5.3)%

(1) See "Non-GAAP Financial Measures & Financial Metrics" section of this MD&A for a description of the types of costs included. Additionally, in the third quarter of fiscal 2023, certain estimated financial impacts associated with the Cybersecurity Event are not reflected in the Adjusted Metrics above as they relate to sales declines which management considers are attributable to the Event, as well as operational effectiveness which temporarily declined during the Event. Management estimates that the impact of these non-adjusted items on operating income and EBITDA to be at least (\$20.0) million, and the net earnings impact to be at least (\$15.0) million.

(2) Attributable to owners of the Company.

## Empire Company Limited Operating Results

### Sales

Sales for the quarter ended February 4, 2023 increased by 1.5%, primarily driven by benefits from Project Horizon initiatives, including the expansion of FreshCo in Western Canada, higher food inflation and increased fuel sales. This increase was partially offset by the impact of the novel coronavirus (“COVID-19” or “pandemic”) restrictions in place during the third quarter of the prior year, changing consumer purchasing behaviours as a result of higher food inflation and the impact of the Cybersecurity Event.

Year-to-date sales increased 3.4%, primarily driven by increased fuel sales, higher food inflation and benefits from Project Horizon initiatives, including the expansion of FreshCo in Western Canada. This increase was partially offset by the impact of the Cybersecurity Event in the current year, the impact of the pandemic restrictions in place during various stages of the prior year and changing consumer purchasing behaviours as a result of higher food inflation.

### Gross Profit

Gross profit for the quarter and year-to-date ended February 4, 2023 increased by 0.4% and 3.1%, respectively, primarily as a result of benefits from Project Horizon initiatives, such as Own Brands and the expansion of FreshCo, Voilà and Farm Boy, partially offset by the Cybersecurity Event and the change in customer purchasing behaviours.

Gross margin for the quarter decreased to 25.4% from 25.7% in the prior year. Gross margin decreased primarily as a result of the impact of the Cybersecurity Event and the effect of higher fuel sales, partially offset by benefits from Project Horizon initiatives. Gross margin, excluding the mix impact of fuel was flat to last year.

Year-to-date, gross margin of 25.3% remained consistent with the prior year. Gross margin was positively impacted by benefits from Project Horizon initiatives, offset by the effect of higher fuel sales and the Cybersecurity Event. Gross margin, excluding the mix impact of fuel was flat to last year.

### Operating Income

(\$ in millions)	13 Weeks Ended			\$	39 Weeks Ended			\$
	Feb. 4, 2023	Jan. 29, 2022	Change		Feb. 4, 2023	Jan. 29, 2022	Change	
Food retailing	\$ 212.3	\$ 313.1	\$ (100.8)	\$	\$ 835.6	\$ 955.8	\$ (120.2)	
Investments and other operations:								
Crombie REIT	18.5	32.7	(14.2)		66.4	50.3	16.1	
Genstar	5.4	10.7	(5.3)		10.0	29.1	(19.1)	
Other operations, net of corporate expenses	(3.4)	(1.7)	(1.7)		(1.2)	(5.1)	3.9	
Operating income	\$ 232.8	\$ 354.8	\$ (122.0)	\$	\$ 910.8	\$ 1,030.1	\$ (119.3)	
Adjustment:								
Cybersecurity Event <sup>(1)</sup>	52.6	-	52.6		52.6	-	52.6	
Adjusted operating income <sup>(1)</sup>	\$ 285.4	\$ 354.8	\$ (69.4)	\$	\$ 963.4	\$ 1,030.1	\$ (66.7)	

(1) See “Non-GAAP Financial Measures & Financial Metrics” section of this MD&A for a description of the types of costs included. Additionally, in the third quarter of fiscal 2023, certain estimated financial impacts associated with the Cybersecurity Event are not reflected in the adjusted metric above as it relates to sales declines which management considers are attributable to the Event, as well as operational effectiveness which temporarily declined during the Event. Management estimates that the impact of this non-adjusted item on operating income to be at least (\$20.0) million.

For the quarter ended February 4, 2023, operating income from the Food retailing segment decreased mainly due to higher selling and administrative expenses and a decrease in other income, partially offset by higher sales and gross profit. Selling and administrative expenses increased primarily as a result of costs related to the Cybersecurity Event, higher depreciation and investments in Project Horizon initiatives, including the expansion of Voilà, FreshCo and Farm Boy. The decrease in other income was caused by higher lease termination income in the prior year.

Year-to-date, operating income from the Food retailing segment decreased mainly due to higher selling and administrative expense and a decrease in other income, partially offset by higher sales and gross profit. Selling and administrative expenses increased primarily as a result of investments in Project Horizon initiatives, including the expansion of Voilà, FreshCo and Farm Boy as well as higher depreciation, increased project costs and the Cybersecurity Event. The decrease in other income was caused by lease termination income in the prior year.

Operating income from the Investments and other operations segment for the quarter ended February 4, 2023 decreased primarily as a result of lower equity earnings from Crombie REIT, mainly due to higher property sales in the same quarter last year.

Year-to-date, operating income from the Investments and other operations segment increased primarily as a result of higher equity earnings from Crombie REIT, mainly due to increased sales of properties, partially offset by lower equity earnings from Genstar as a result of higher property sales in the prior year.

## EBITDA

For the quarter ended February 4, 2023, EBITDA decreased to \$492.5 million from \$597.5 million in the prior year mainly as a result of the factors affecting operating income. EBITDA margin decreased to 6.6% from 8.1% in the prior year.

Year-to-date, EBITDA decreased to \$1,670.7 million from \$1,744.6 million in the prior year mainly as a result of the same factors affecting operating income. EBITDA margin decreased to 7.2% from 7.8% in the prior year.

(\$ in millions)	13 Weeks Ended			\$	39 Weeks Ended			\$
	Feb. 4, 2023	Jan. 29, 2022	Change		Feb. 4, 2023	Jan. 29, 2022	Change	
EBITDA	\$ 492.5	\$ 597.5	\$ (105.0)	\$	\$ 1,670.7	\$ 1,744.6	\$ (73.9)	
Adjustment:								
Cybersecurity Event <sup>(1)</sup>	52.6	-	52.6		52.6	-	52.6	
Adjusted EBITDA <sup>(1)</sup>	\$ 545.1	\$ 597.5	\$ (52.4)	\$	\$ 1,723.3	\$ 1,744.6	\$ (21.3)	

(1) See "Non-GAAP Financial Measures & Financial Metrics" section of this MD&A for a description of the types of costs included. Additionally, in the third quarter of fiscal 2023, certain estimated financial impacts associated with the Cybersecurity Event are not reflected in the adjusted metric above as it relates to sales declines which management considers are attributable to the Event, as well as operational effectiveness which temporarily declined during the Event. Management estimates that the impact of this non-adjusted item on EBITDA to be at least (\$20.0) million.

For the quarter ended February 4, 2023, adjusted EBITDA decreased to \$545.1 million from \$597.5 million in the prior year. Adjusted EBITDA margin decreased to 7.3% from 8.1% in the prior year.

Year-to-date, adjusted EBITDA decreased to \$1,723.3 million from \$1,744.6 million in the prior year. Adjusted EBITDA margin decreased to 7.5% from 7.8% in the prior year.

## Finance Costs

For the quarter ended February 4, 2023, net finance costs increased as a result of an increase in interest expense on lease liabilities and an increase in variable rate debt at higher interest rates.

Year-to-date, net finance costs decreased from the prior year as a result of lower debt levels due to the repayment of the \$500.0 million Series 2013-2 Notes in the current year, partially offset by an increase in variable rate debt at higher interest rates and interest expense on lease liabilities.

## Income Taxes

The effective income tax rate for the quarter ended February 4, 2023 was 20.7% compared to 26.0% in the same quarter last year. The effective tax rate for the quarter was lower than the statutory rate primarily due to the revaluation of tax estimates, not all of which were recurring, and the benefit of consolidated structured entities and capital items, both of which are taxed at lower rates. The prior year effective tax rate was lower than the statutory rate primarily due to consolidated structured entities and capital gains, both of which are taxed at lower rates, partially offset by adjustments for book and tax differences.

Year-to-date, the effective income tax rate was 24.4% compared to 25.6% last year. The effective tax rate for the year was lower than the statutory rate primarily due to the revaluation of tax estimates, not all of which were recurring, investment tax credits, and the benefit of consolidated structured entities and capital items, both of which are taxed at lower rates, offset by adjustments for book and tax differences. For the prior year, the effective tax rate was lower than the statutory rate primarily due to consolidated structured entities and capital gains, both of which are taxed at lower rates, offset by adjustments for book and tax differences.

## Net Earnings

(\$ in millions, except per share amounts)	13 Weeks Ended			\$	39 Weeks Ended			\$
	Feb. 4, 2023	Jan. 29, 2022	Change		Feb. 4, 2023	Jan. 29, 2022	Change	
Net earnings <sup>(1)</sup>	\$ 125.7	\$ 203.4	\$ (77.7)	\$	\$ 503.1	\$ 567.3	\$ (64.2)	
EPS (fully diluted)	\$ 0.49	\$ 0.77		\$	\$ 1.93	\$ 2.13		
Adjustment (net of income taxes of \$13.5):								
Cybersecurity Event <sup>(2)</sup>	39.1	-	39.1		39.1	-	39.1	
Adjusted net earnings <sup>(1)(2)</sup>	\$ 164.8	\$ 203.4	\$ (38.6)	\$	\$ 542.2	\$ 567.3	\$ (25.1)	
Adjusted EPS (fully diluted) <sup>(2)</sup>	\$ 0.64	\$ 0.77		\$	\$ 2.08	\$ 2.13		
Diluted weighted average number of shares outstanding (in millions)	258.4	264.9			260.7	266.6		

(1) *Attributable to owners of the Company.*

(2) *See "Non-GAAP Financial Measures & Financial Metrics" section of this MD&A for a description of the types of costs included. Additionally, in the third quarter of fiscal 2023, certain estimated financial impacts associated with the Cybersecurity Event are not reflected in the Adjusted Metrics above as they relate to sales declines which management considers are attributable to the Event, as well as operational effectiveness which temporarily declined during the Event. Management estimates that the impact of this non-adjusted item on net earnings to be at least (\$15.0) million.*

## Investments and Other Operations

(\$ in millions)	13 Weeks Ended			\$	39 Weeks Ended			\$
	Feb. 4, 2023	Jan. 29, 2022	Change		Feb. 4, 2023	Jan. 29, 2022	Change	
Crombie REIT	\$ 18.5	\$ 32.7	\$ (14.2)	\$	\$ 66.4	\$ 50.3	\$ 16.1	
Genstar	5.4	10.7	(5.3)		10.0	29.1	(19.1)	
Other operations, net of corporate expenses	(3.4)	(1.7)	(1.7)		(1.2)	(5.1)	3.9	
	\$ 20.5	\$ 41.7	\$ (21.2)	\$	\$ 75.2	\$ 74.3	\$ 0.9	

For the quarter ended February 4, 2023, income from Investments and other operations decreased primarily as a result of lower equity earnings from Crombie REIT, mainly due to increased sales of properties in the same quarter last year.

Year-to-date, income from Investments and other operations increased primarily as a result of higher equity earnings from Crombie REIT, mainly due to increased sales of properties, partially offset by lower equity earnings from Genstar as a result of higher property sales in the prior year.

## QUARTERLY RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

(\$ in millions, except per share amounts)	Fiscal 2023				Fiscal 2022			Fiscal 2021	
	Q3 (13 Weeks) Feb. 4, 2023	Q2 (13 Weeks) Nov. 5, 2022	Q1 (13 Weeks) Aug. 6, 2022	Q4 (14 Weeks) May 7, 2022	Q3 (13 Weeks) Jan. 29, 2022	Q2 (13 Weeks) Oct. 30, 2021	Q1 (13 Weeks) Jul. 31, 2021	Q4 (13 Weeks) May 1, 2021	
	Sales	\$ 7,489.3	\$ 7,642.8	\$ 7,937.6	\$ 7,840.8	\$ 7,377.3	\$ 7,318.3	\$ 7,626.0	\$ 6,920.0
Operating income	232.8	333.9	344.1	333.6	354.8	327.9	347.4	295.0	
Adjusted Operating income <sup>(1)</sup>	285.4	333.9	344.1	333.6	354.8	327.9	347.4	295.0	
EBITDA <sup>(2)</sup>	492.5	584.2	594.0	586.2	597.5	565.2	581.9	514.4	
Adjusted EBITDA <sup>(1)(2)</sup>	545.1	584.2	594.0	586.2	597.5	565.2	581.9	514.4	
Net earnings <sup>(3)</sup>	125.7	189.9	187.5	178.5	203.4	175.4	188.5	171.9	
Adjusted net earnings <sup>(1)(3)</sup>	164.8	189.9	187.5	178.5	203.4	175.4	191.9	171.9	
<b>Per share information, basic</b>									
Net earnings <sup>(3)</sup>	\$ 0.49	\$ 0.73	\$ 0.72	\$ 0.68	\$ 0.77	\$ 0.66	\$ 0.71	\$ 0.65	
Adjusted net earnings <sup>(1)(3)</sup>	\$ 0.64	\$ 0.73	\$ 0.72	\$ 0.68	\$ 0.77	\$ 0.66	\$ 0.71	\$ 0.65	
Basic weighted average number of shares outstanding (in millions)	257.9	260.1	262.2	263.0	264.1	265.4	267.0	266.5	
<b>Per share information, diluted</b>									
Net earnings <sup>(3)</sup>	\$ 0.49	\$ 0.73	\$ 0.71	\$ 0.68	\$ 0.77	\$ 0.66	\$ 0.70	\$ 0.64	
Adjusted net earnings <sup>(1)(3)</sup>	\$ 0.64	\$ 0.73	\$ 0.71	\$ 0.68	\$ 0.77	\$ 0.66	\$ 0.70	\$ 0.64	
Diluted weighted average number of shares outstanding (in millions)	258.4	260.6	263.0	264.0	264.9	266.3	268.1	267.6	

- (1) See “Non-GAAP Financial Measures & Financial Metrics” section of this MD&A for a description of the types of costs included. Additionally, in the third quarter of fiscal 2023, certain estimated financial impacts associated with the Cybersecurity Event are not reflected in the Adjusted Metrics above as they relate to sales declines which management considers are attributable to the Event, as well as operational effectiveness which temporarily declined during the Event. Management estimates that the impact of these non-adjusted items on operating income and EBITDA to be at least (\$20.0) million, and the net earnings impact to be at least (\$15.0) million.
- (2) EBITDA is reconciled to net earnings for the current and comparable period in the “Non-GAAP Financial Measures & Financial Metrics” section of this MD&A.
- (3) Attributable to owners of the Company.

For the last eight quarters, results have fluctuated due to the impacts of COVID-19 and the related shift in consumer shopping behaviour which led to fluctuations in sales during fiscal 2021 and fiscal 2022. With the easing of restrictions, sales began to stabilize in the fourth quarter of fiscal 2021 but continued to trend high and compare favourably to pre-pandemic levels. Results in the fourth quarter of fiscal 2022 were impacted by an additional week of operations. Beginning on May 10, 2021, the Company’s results incorporate the results of Longo’s.

Sales are affected by fluctuations in inflation. Results are affected by seasonality, in particular during the summer months and over the holidays when retail sales trend higher and can result in stronger operating results. Sales, operating income, EBITDA and net earnings have all been influenced by the Company’s strategic investment activities, the competitive environment, cost management initiatives, food prices and general industry trends, adjusted items, as well as other risk factors as outlined in the “Risk Management” section of the fiscal 2022 annual MD&A.



## LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

The table below highlights significant cash flow components for the relevant periods. For additional detail, please refer to the condensed consolidated statements of cash flows in the Company's unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements for the quarter ended February 4, 2023.

(\$ in millions)	13 Weeks Ended		39 Weeks Ended	
	Feb. 4, 2023	Jan. 29, 2022	Feb. 4, 2023	Jan. 29, 2022
Cash flows from operating activities	\$ 438.1	\$ 753.9	\$ 1,100.7	\$ 1,637.6
Cash flows used in investing activities	(159.8)	(12.6)	(536.0)	(664.4)
Cash flows used in financing activities	(434.7)	(321.7)	(1,166.4)	(998.1)
(Decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents	\$ (156.4)	\$ 419.6	\$ (601.7)	\$ (24.9)

### Operating Activities

Cash flows from operating activities for the third quarter of fiscal 2023 and year-to-date decreased versus prior year primarily as a result of unfavourable working capital changes, lower net earnings and higher income taxes paid.

### Investing Activities

The table below outlines details of investing activities for the relevant periods:

(\$ in millions)	13 Weeks Ended		39 Weeks Ended	
	Feb. 4, 2023	Jan. 29, 2022	Feb. 4, 2023	Jan. 29, 2022
Increase in investments	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (2.4)	\$ (41.5)
Acquisitions of property, equipment, investment property and intangibles	(187.6)	(180.8)	(599.5)	(574.4)
Proceeds on disposal of assets <sup>(1)</sup> and lease terminations	2.2	135.3	19.5	150.1
Leases and other receivables, net	2.2	17.4	0.7	9.7
Other assets and other long-term liabilities	1.4	(0.1)	(3.3)	(26.8)
Business acquisitions	(0.2)	(5.1)	(16.3)	(236.0)
Payments received for finance subleases	21.1	19.3	62.9	52.1
Interest received	1.1	1.4	2.4	2.4
Cash flows used in investing activities	\$ (159.8)	\$ (12.6)	\$ (536.0)	\$ (664.4)

(1) Proceeds on disposal of assets include property, equipment and investment property.

Cash used in investing activities for the third quarter of fiscal 2023 increased versus prior year primarily due to lower proceeds on disposal of assets and lease terminations.

Year-to-date, cash used in investing activities decreased versus prior year as a result of the prior year acquisition of Longo's, partially offset by lower proceeds on disposal of assets and lease terminations.

### Capital Expenditures

The Company invested \$143.4 million and \$553.6 million in capital expenditures<sup>(1)</sup> for the quarter and year-to-date ended February 4, 2023, respectively (2022 – \$159.5 million and \$493.8 million) including renovations and construction of new stores, investments in advanced analytics technology and other technology systems, FreshCo stores in Western Canada and Voilà CFCs.

In fiscal 2023, capital spending is expected to be approximately \$800 million, with approximately half of this investment allocated to renovations and new stores. The Company expects to open four FreshCo stores in Western Canada and expand the Farm Boy and Longo's footprint in Ontario by three and one store, respectively. The Company will invest approximately 25% of its estimated capital expenditures on advanced analytics technology and other technology systems.

(1) Capital expenditures are calculated on an accrual basis and includes acquisitions of property, equipment and investment properties, and additions to intangibles.

## Store Network Activity and Square Footage

The table below outlines details of investments by Sobeys in its store network:

# of stores	13 Weeks Ended		39 Weeks Ended	
	Feb. 4, 2023	Jan. 29, 2022	Feb. 4, 2023	Jan. 29, 2022
Opened/relocated/acquired <sup>(1)(2)</sup>	1	5	7	52
Expanded	1	1	1	1
Rebanned/redeveloped	1	-	2	7
Closed - pending conversion	-	1	-	1
Closed <sup>(1)</sup>	8	14	12	28
Opened - FreshCo <sup>(3)</sup>	1	7	3	9
Closed - pending conversion to FreshCo <sup>(3)</sup>	-	1	-	2
Opened - Farm Boy	1	2	2	6

(1) Total impact excluding the expansion of Farm Boy and FreshCo.

(2) Includes 36 Longo's stores that were acquired in the first quarter of fiscal 2022.

(3) Specific to converted Western Canada FreshCo stores.

The following table shows changes in Sobeys' square footage:

Square feet (in thousands)	13 Weeks Ended	
	Feb. 4, 2023	Jan. 29, 2022
Opened	6	52
Rebanned/redeveloped	-	2
Expanded	15	20
Closed - pending conversion	-	(49)
Closed	(31)	(79)
Net change before the impact of the expansion of Farm Boy and FreshCo	(10)	(54)
Opened - FreshCo <sup>(1)</sup>	38	291
Closed - pending conversion to FreshCo <sup>(1)</sup>	-	(43)
Opened - Farm Boy	28	52
Net change	56	246

(1) Specific to converted Western Canada FreshCo stores, net of Safeway and Sobeys closures.

At February 4, 2023, Sobeys' retail space totalled 42.6 million square feet, a 1.2% increase compared to 42.1 million square feet at January 29, 2022.

## Financing Activities

Cash used in financing activities for the quarter ended February 4, 2023 increased versus prior year mainly due to higher repayments on credit facilities.

Year-to-date, cash used in financing activities increased versus prior year due to the repayment of the \$500.0 million Series 2013-2 Notes, partially offset by advances on credit facilities.

## Free Cash Flow

Management uses free cash flow as a measure to assess the amount of cash available for debt repayment, dividend payments and other investing and financing activities.

(\$ in millions)	13 Weeks Ended			\$	39 Weeks Ended			\$
	Feb. 4, 2023	Jan. 29, 2022	Change		Feb. 4, 2023	Jan. 29, 2022	Change	
Cash flows from operating activities	\$ 438.1	\$ 753.9	\$ (315.8)	\$ 1,100.7	\$ 1,637.6	\$ (536.9)		
Add: proceeds on disposal of assets <sup>(1)</sup> and lease terminations	2.2	135.3	(133.1)	19.5	150.1	(130.6)		
Less: interest paid	(10.3)	(6.1)	(4.2)	(48.6)	(34.2)	(14.4)		
payments of lease liabilities, net of payments received for finance subleases	(164.4)	(156.9)	(7.5)	(489.8)	(416.8)	(73.0)		
acquisitions of property, equipment, investment property and intangibles	(187.6)	(180.8)	(6.8)	(599.5)	(574.4)	(25.1)		
Free cash flow <sup>(2)</sup>	\$ 78.0	\$ 545.4	\$ (467.4)	\$ (17.7)	\$ 762.3	\$ (780.0)		

(1) Proceeds on disposal of assets include property, equipment and investment property.

(2) See "Non-GAAP Financial Measures & Financial Metrics" section of this MD&A.

Free cash flow for the quarter ended February 4, 2023 decreased versus prior year primarily as a result of a decrease in cash flows from operating activities, and lower proceeds on disposal of assets and lease terminations. The decrease in cash flows from operating activities is driven by unfavourable working capital changes, lower net earnings and higher income taxes paid.

Year-to-date, free cash flow decreased versus prior year primarily as a result of a decrease in cash flows from operating activities, lower proceeds on disposal of assets and lease terminations, and increased payments of lease liabilities, net of payments received for finance subleases. The decrease in cash flows from operating activities is driven by unfavourable working capital changes, higher income taxes paid and lower net earnings.

## Employee Future Benefit Obligations

For the quarter and year-to-date ended February 4, 2023, the Company contributed \$1.3 million and \$8.1 million, respectively (2022 – \$4.9 million and \$15.4 million) to its registered defined benefit plans. The Company expects to contribute approximately \$12.4 million to these plans in fiscal 2023.

## CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL CONDITION

### Key Financial Condition Measures

(\$ in millions, except per share and ratio calculations)	Feb. 4, 2023	May 7, 2022	Jan. 29, 2022
Shareholders' equity, net of non-controlling interest	\$ 5,151.7	\$ 4,991.5	\$ 4,789.9
Book value per common share <sup>(1)</sup>	\$ 19.98	\$ 18.82	\$ 18.14
Long-term debt, including current portion	\$ 1,011.9	\$ 1,176.7	\$ 1,144.1
Long-term lease liabilities, including current portion	\$ 6,198.3	\$ 6,285.4	\$ 6,349.5
Funded debt to total capital <sup>(1)</sup>	58.3%	59.9%	58.0%
Funded debt to adjusted EBITDA <sup>(1)(2)</sup>	3.1x	3.2x	3.3x
Adjusted EBITDA to interest expense <sup>(1)(3)</sup>	8.4x	8.3x	8.6x
Trailing four-quarter adjusted EBITDA <sup>(1)</sup>	\$ 2,309.5	\$ 2,330.8	\$ 2,259.0
Trailing four-quarter interest expense	\$ 276.4	\$ 279.7	\$ 263.3
Current assets to current liabilities	0.8x	0.8x	0.9x
Total assets	\$ 16,355.3	\$ 16,593.6	\$ 16,433.8
Total non-current financial liabilities	\$ 7,343.9	\$ 7,220.0	\$ 7,831.1

(1) See "Non-GAAP Financial Measures & Financial Metrics" section of this MD&A.

(2) Calculation uses trailing four-quarter adjusted EBITDA.

(3) Calculation uses trailing four-quarter adjusted EBITDA and interest expense.

Sobeys' credit ratings remained unchanged from the prior quarter. The following table shows Sobeys' credit ratings as at March 15, 2023:

Rating Agency	Credit Rating (Issuer rating)	Trend/Outlook
DBRS Morningstar	BBB	Stable
S&P Global	BBB-	Stable

Pursuant to an agreement dated November 3, 2022, Empire amended and restated its senior, unsecured revolving term credit agreement extending the maturity date to November 4, 2027. The principal amount was reduced from \$250.0 million to \$150.0 million. As of February 4, 2023, the outstanding amount of this facility was \$94.1 million (2022 – \$10.2 million). Interest payable on this facility fluctuates with changes in the Canadian prime rate or bankers' acceptance rates.

Pursuant to an agreement dated November 3, 2022, Sobeys amended and restated its \$650.0 million senior, unsecured revolving term credit agreement extending the maturity date to November 4, 2027. As of February 4, 2023, the outstanding amount of this facility was \$279.7 million (2022 – \$ nil) and Sobeys has issued \$69.9 million in letters of credit against the facility (2022 – \$65.1 million). Interest payable on this facility fluctuates with changes in the Canadian prime rate or bankers' acceptance rates.

The redemption of the 4.70% Series 2013-2 Notes due August 8, 2023, which was announced in the fourth quarter of fiscal 2022, was completed on June 2, 2022. The total redemption payment of \$516.5 million included the remaining aggregate principal balance of \$500.0 million and \$16.5 million in accrued interest and prepayment costs.

Through the acquisition of Longo's on May 10, 2021, Sobeys acquired their existing \$75.0 million demand operating line of credit. As of February 4, 2023, the outstanding amount of the facility was \$29.7 million (2022 – \$21.7 million). Interest payable on this facility fluctuates with changes in the Canadian prime rate.

The Company believes its cash and cash equivalents on hand as of February 4, 2023, together with approximately \$401.6 million in unutilized, aggregate credit facilities and cash generated from operating activities will enable the Company to fund future capital investments, pension plan contributions, working capital, current funded debt obligations and ongoing business requirements. The Company also believes it has sufficient funding in place to meet these requirements and other short and long-term financial obligations. The Company mitigates potential liquidity risk by ensuring its sources of funds are diversified by term to maturity and source of credit.

## Shareholders' Equity

The Company's share capital was comprised of the following on February 4, 2023:

	Number of Shares	
	Feb. 4, 2023	Jan. 29, 2022
<b>Authorized</b>		
2002 Preferred shares, par value of \$25 each, issuable in series	991,980,000	991,980,000
Non-Voting Class A shares, without par value	748,270,401	755,018,123
Class B common shares, without par value, voting	122,400,000	122,400,000

Issued and outstanding (\$ in millions)	Number of Shares		Share Capital	
	Feb. 4, 2023	Jan. 29, 2022	Feb. 4, 2023	Jan. 29, 2022
Non-Voting Class A shares	158,270,481	164,744,813	\$ 1,945.0	\$ 2,022.3
Class B common shares	98,138,079	98,138,079	7.3	7.3
Shares held in trust	(29,681)	(38,837)	(0.8)	(0.8)
Total			\$ 1,951.5	\$ 2,028.8

The Company's share capital on February 4, 2023 compared to the same period in the previous fiscal year is shown in the table below:

(Number of shares)	13 Weeks Ended	
	Feb. 4, 2023	Jan. 29, 2022
<b>Non-Voting Class A shares</b>		
Issued and outstanding, beginning of period	160,486,539	166,858,697
Issued during period	12,524	1,650
Purchased for cancellation	(2,228,582)	(2,115,534)
Issued and outstanding, end of period	158,270,481	164,744,813
Shares held in trust, beginning of period	(11,327)	(40,772)
Issued for future settlement of equity settled plans	11,671	1,937
Purchased for future settlement of equity settled plans	(30,025)	(2)
Shares held in trust, end of period	(29,681)	(38,837)
Issued and outstanding, net of shares held in trust, end of period	158,240,800	164,705,976
<b>Class B common shares</b>		
Issued and outstanding, beginning and end of period	98,138,079	98,138,079

During the third quarter and year-to-date ended February 4, 2023, the Company paid common dividends of \$42.5 million and \$128.3 million, respectively, (January 29, 2022 – \$39.5 million and \$119.2 million) to its common shareholders. This represents a payment of \$0.165 and \$0.495 per share (January 29, 2022 – \$0.150 and \$0.450 per share) for common shareholders.

As at March 14, 2023, the Company had Non-Voting Class A and Class B common shares outstanding of 157,640,481 and 98,138,079, respectively. Options to acquire 4,288,652 Non-Voting Class A shares were outstanding as of February 4, 2023 (January 29, 2022 – 4,467,422). As at March 14, 2023, options to acquire 4,404,129 Non-Voting Class A shares were outstanding (March 8, 2022 – 4,447,249).

### Normal Course Issuer Bid (“NCIB”)

On June 22, 2021, the Company renewed its NCIB by filing a notice of intention with the Toronto Stock Exchange (“TSX”) to purchase for cancellation up to 8,468,408 Non-Voting Class A shares (“Class A shares”) representing 5.0% of the 169,368,174 Class A shares outstanding. As at July 1, 2022, under this filing, the Company purchased 5,659,764 (July 1, 2021 – 6,063,806) Class A shares at a weighted average price of \$39.11 (July 1, 2021 – \$38.00) for a total consideration of \$221.3 million (July 1, 2021 – \$230.4 million).

On June 21, 2022, the Company renewed its NCIB by filing a notice of intention with the TSX to purchase for cancellation up to 10,500,000 Class A shares representing 7.0% of the public float of 150,258,764 Class A shares outstanding as of June 17, 2022. The purchases will be made through the facilities of the TSX and/or any alternative Canadian trading systems to the extent they are eligible. The price that the Company will pay for any such shares will be the market price at the time of acquisition. The Company believes that repurchasing shares at the prevailing market prices from time to time is a worthwhile use of funds and in the best interest of the Company and its shareholders. The NCIB expires on July 1, 2023.

Shares purchased during the quarter and year-to-date ended February 4, 2023 compared to the same periods of the previous fiscal year are shown in the table below:

(\$ in millions, except per share amounts)	13 Weeks Ended		39 Weeks Ended	
	Feb. 4, 2023	Jan. 29, 2022	Feb. 4, 2023	Jan. 29, 2022
Number of shares	2,228,582	2,115,534	6,334,622	5,965,883
Weighted average price per share	\$ 36.14	\$ 37.91	\$ 37.62	\$ 38.98
Cash consideration paid	\$ 80.6	\$ 80.1	\$ 238.3	\$ 232.4

The Company engages in an automatic share purchase plan with its designated broker allowing the purchases of Class A shares for cancellation under its NCIB program during trading black-out periods.

Including purchases made subsequent to the end of the quarter, as at March 14, 2023 the Company has purchased 7,356,194 Class A shares (March 8, 2022 – 6,378,983) at a weighted average price of \$37.46 (March 8, 2022 – \$39.00) for a total consideration of \$275.6 million (March 8, 2022 – \$248.8 million).

## ACCOUNTING STANDARDS AND POLICIES

The unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements were prepared using the same accounting policies as disclosed in the Company's annual consolidated financial statements for the year ended May 7, 2022, with the exception of the following:

### Customer Loyalty Programs

Sobeys has implemented the *Scene+* loyalty program in certain geographic regions and banners. AIR MILES® collectors can earn and redeem points in Sobeys stores until the new *Scene+* program is available in that region. *Scene+* points are earned by Sobeys customers based on purchases in store and online. Sobeys pays a per point fee under the terms of the *Scene+* joint venture agreement. The cost of points is recorded as a reduction of revenue. The *Scene+* program follows the same policy as the outgoing AIR MILES® program.

### Changes to Accounting Standards Adopted During Fiscal 2023

In May 2020, the IASB issued a package of narrow-scope amendments to three standards (IFRS 3, "Business Combinations"; IAS 16, "Property, Plant and Equipment"; and IAS 37, "Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets") as well as the IASB's Annual Improvements to IFRS Standards 2018 – 2020. These amendments to existing IFRS standards are to clarify guidance and wording, or to correct for relatively minor unintended consequences, conflicts or oversights. These amendments became effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2022. There was no material impact on the Company's financial statements.

### Standards, Amendments and Interpretations Issued but not yet Adopted

In October 2022, the IASB issued Non-current Liabilities with Covenants (Amendments to IAS 1, "Presentation of Financial Statements") to clarify that covenants to be complied with after the reporting date for an entity's right to defer settlement of a liability does not affect the classification of the liability as current or non-current at the reporting date. These narrow-scope amendments aim to improve information an entity provides with regards to the covenants through additional disclosures. These amendments are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2024, with early adoption permitted. The Company is assessing the potential impact of these amendments.

In September 2022, the IASB issued narrow-scope amendments to IFRS 16, "Leases". These amendments clarify how a seller-lessee subsequently measures the lease liability that arises from a sale and leaseback transaction, the seller-lessee determines "lease payments" and "revised lease payments" in a way that does not result in the seller-lessee recognizing any amount of the gain or loss that relates to the right of use it retains. These amendments only apply to sale and leaseback transactions for which the lease payments include variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate. The amendment is effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2024 with early adoption permitted. The Company expects no impact from these amendments.

In May 2021, the IASB issued narrow-scope amendments to IAS 12, "Income Taxes". The amendments require deferred tax assets and liabilities to be recognized for transactions that result in both deductible and taxable temporary differences of the same amount at initial recognition. These amendments are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2023, with early adoption permitted. The Company expects no impact from these amendments.

In January 2020, the IASB issued *Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-Current (Amendments to IAS 1, "Presentation of Financial Statements")*. The narrow-scope amendment affects only the presentation of liabilities in the statement of financial position and not the amount or timing of recognition. Specifically, it clarifies:

- classification is unaffected by expectations about whether an entity will exercise its right to defer settlement of a liability; and
- that "settlement" refers to the transfer to the counterparty of cash, equity instruments, other assets or services.

These amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2024, with early adoption permitted. The Company is assessing the potential impact of this amendment.

### **Critical Accounting Estimates**

Critical accounting estimates used by the Company's management are discussed in detail in the fiscal 2022 annual MD&A.

### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

Management of the Company, which includes the President & Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, is responsible for establishing and maintaining Internal Control over Financial Reporting ("ICFR"), as that term is defined in National Instrument 52-109, "Certification of Disclosure in Issuers' Annual and Interim Filings". The control framework management used to design and assess the effectiveness of ICFR is "Internal Control Integrated Framework (2013)" published by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission.

There have been no changes in the Company's ICFR during the period beginning November 6, 2022 and ended February 4, 2023 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's ICFR.



## RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Company enters into related party transactions with Crombie REIT and key management personnel, including ongoing leases and property management agreements. As at February 4, 2023, the Company holds a 41.5% (January 29, 2022 – 41.5%) ownership interest in Crombie REIT and accounts for its investment using the equity method.

Crombie REIT has instituted a distribution reinvestment plan (“DRIP”) whereby Canadian resident REIT unitholders may elect to automatically have their distributions reinvested in additional REIT units. The Company has enrolled in the DRIP to maintain its economic and voting interest in Crombie REIT.

During the period ended February 4, 2023, Sobeys, through a wholly-owned subsidiary, sold a property to Crombie REIT for cash consideration of \$2.1 million. This resulted in a pre-tax gain of \$0.2 million which has been recognized in other income on the unaudited interim condensed consolidated statements of earnings.

During the period ended February 4, 2023, Crombie REIT disposed of a property to a third party. This transaction resulted in the reversal of a previously deferred pre-tax gain of \$4.6 million which has been recognized in other income on the unaudited interim condensed consolidated statements of earnings.

During the period ended November 5, 2022, Crombie REIT disposed of a property to a third party. This transaction resulted in the reversal of a previously deferred pre-tax gain of \$1.5 million which has been recognized in other income on the unaudited interim condensed consolidated statements of earnings.

During the period and year-to-date ended January 29, 2022, Sobeys, through wholly-owned subsidiaries, engaged in lease modification termination transactions with Crombie REIT. These transactions resulted in pre-tax gains of \$11.2 million and \$22.8 million, respectively, which have been recognized in other income on the unaudited interim condensed consolidated statements of earnings.

During the period ended January 29, 2022, Sobeys, through a wholly-owned subsidiary, sold and leased back six properties and sold a property to Crombie REIT for a combined total cash consideration of \$38.0 million. These transactions resulted in pre-tax gains of \$1.6 million which has been recognized in other income on the unaudited interim condensed consolidated statements of earnings.

During the period ended January 29, 2022, Crombie REIT disposed of two properties to third parties. These transactions resulted in the reversal of previously deferred pre-tax gains of \$1.7 million which has been recognized in other income on the unaudited interim condensed consolidated statements of earnings.

On January 25, 2022, Sobeys, through a wholly-owned subsidiary, sold and leased back 50% of a distribution centre to Crombie REIT for cash consideration of \$38.1 million. This transaction resulted in a pre-tax gain of \$3.7 million which has been recognized in other income on the unaudited interim condensed consolidated statements of earnings. Crombie REIT now owns 100% of the property.

During the period ended July 31, 2021, Sobeys, through a wholly-owned subsidiary, sold and leased back a property to Crombie REIT for cash consideration of \$4.7 million. This transaction resulted in a pre-tax gain of \$0.3 million which has been recognized in other income on the unaudited interim condensed consolidated statements of earnings.

On May 19, 2021, Crombie REIT announced it had closed a bought-deal public offering of units at a price of \$16.60 per unit for aggregate proceeds of \$100.0 million. Concurrent with the public offering, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company purchased, on a private placement basis, \$41.5 million of Class B Limited Partnership units to maintain a 41.5% ownership interest in Crombie REIT.

## CONTINGENCIES

The Company is subject to claims and litigation arising out of the ordinary course of business operations. The Company’s management does not consider the exposure to such litigation to be material.

In the ordinary course of business, the Company is subject to ongoing audits by tax authorities. While the Company believes that its tax filing positions are appropriate and supportable, from time to time certain matters are reviewed and challenged by the tax authorities.

## **RISK MANAGEMENT**

Risk and uncertainties related to economic and industry factors and the Company's management of risk are discussed in detail in the fiscal 2022 annual MD&A, including risks relating to information management, cybersecurity and data protection on page 26 of the fiscal 2022 annual MD&A.

On November 4, 2022, Empire experienced IT system issues related to the Cybersecurity Event. For information on this Cybersecurity Event, please refer to the section of this MD&A entitled "Business Update – Cybersecurity Event". The Cybersecurity Event has reinforced the importance of the investments already made as well as upcoming investments in the cybersecurity area, recognizing the current heightened environment, the prevalence of global attacks and the growing sophistication of threat actors.

## **DESIGNATION FOR ELIGIBLE DIVIDENDS**

"Eligible dividends" receive favourable treatment for income tax purposes. To be considered an eligible dividend, a dividend must be designated as such at the time of payment.

Empire has, in accordance with the administrative position of CRA, included the appropriate language on its website to designate the dividends paid by Empire as eligible dividends unless otherwise designated.

## **NON-GAAP FINANCIAL MEASURES & FINANCIAL METRICS**

There are measures and metrics included in this MD&A that do not have a standardized meaning under generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") and therefore may not be comparable to similarly titled measures and metrics presented by other publicly traded companies. Management believes that certain of these measures and metrics, including gross profit and EBITDA, are important indicators of the Company's ability to generate liquidity through operating cash flow to fund future working capital requirements, service outstanding debt and fund future capital expenditures and uses these metrics for these purposes.

In addition, management adjusts measures and metrics, including operating income, EBITDA and net earnings in an effort to provide investors and analysts with a more comparable year-over-year performance metric than the basic measure by excluding certain items. These items may impact the analysis of trends in performance and affect the comparability of the Company's core financial results. By excluding these items, management is not implying they are non-recurring.

### **Financial Measures**

The intent of non-GAAP financial measures is to provide additional useful information to investors and analysts. Non-GAAP financial measures should not be considered in isolation or used as a substitute for measures of performance prepared in accordance with GAAP. The Company's definitions of the non-GAAP terms included in this MD&A are as follows:

- The Cybersecurity Event adjustment includes the impact of incremental direct costs such as inventory shrink, hardware and software restoration costs, legal and professional fees, and labour costs. Management believes that the Cybersecurity Event adjustment results in a useful economic representation of the underlying business on a comparative basis. The adjustment does not include management's estimate of the full financial impact of the Cybersecurity Event, as it excludes the net earnings impacts related to the estimated decline in sales and operational effectiveness from impacts such as the temporary loss of advanced planning, promotion and fresh item management tools, the temporary closure of pharmacies, and customers' temporary inability to redeem gift cards and loyalty points.
- Gross profit is calculated as sales less cost of sales. Management believes cost of sales is a useful metric to monitor profitability on a product-level basis. Gross profit represents a supplementary metric to assess underlying operating performance and profitability.

- Adjusted operating income is operating income excluding certain items to better analyze trends in performance. These adjustments result in a truer economic representation of the underlying business on a comparative basis. Adjusted operating income is reconciled to operating income in its respective subsection of the “Summary Results – Third Quarter” section.
- EBITDA is calculated as net earnings before finance costs (net of finance income), income tax expense, depreciation and amortization of intangibles. Management believes EBITDA represents a supplementary metric to assess profitability and measure the Company’s underlying ability to generate liquidity through operating cash flows.

The following table reconciles net earnings to EBITDA:

(\$ in millions)	13 Weeks Ended		39 Weeks Ended	
	Feb. 4, 2023	Jan. 29, 2022	Feb. 4, 2023	Jan. 29, 2022
Net earnings	\$ 130.8	\$ 213.7	\$ 539.8	\$ 617.9
Income tax expense	34.2	75.1	174.2	212.1
Finance costs, net	67.8	66.0	196.8	200.1
Operating income	232.8	354.8	910.8	1,030.1
Depreciation	229.6	215.4	679.0	644.5
Amortization of intangibles	30.1	27.3	80.9	70.0
EBITDA	\$ 492.5	\$ 597.5	\$ 1,670.7	\$ 1,744.6

- Adjusted EBITDA is EBITDA excluding certain items to better analyze trends in performance. These adjustments result in a truer economic representation of the underlying business on a comparative basis. Adjusted EBITDA is reconciled to EBITDA in its respective subsection of the “Summary Results – Third Quarter” section.
- Management calculates interest expense as interest expense on financial liabilities measured at amortized cost and interest expense on lease liabilities. Management believes that interest expense represents a true measure of the Company’s debt service expense, without the offsetting finance income.

The following table reconciles finance costs, net to interest expense:

(\$ in millions)	13 Weeks Ended		39 Weeks Ended	
	Feb. 4, 2023	Jan. 29, 2022	Feb. 4, 2023	Jan. 29, 2022
Finance costs, net	\$ 67.8	\$ 66.0	\$ 196.8	\$ 200.1
Plus: finance income, excluding interest income on lease receivables	1.2	2.2	3.6	5.0
Less: pension finance costs, net	(1.1)	(1.9)	(5.1)	(5.8)
Less: accretion expense on provisions	(0.4)	(0.5)	(1.1)	(1.8)
Interest expense	\$ 67.5	\$ 65.8	\$ 194.2	\$ 197.5

- Adjusted net earnings is net earnings, net of non-controlling interest, excluding certain items to better analyze trends in performance. These adjustments result in a truer economic representation of the underlying business on a comparative basis. Adjusted net earnings is reconciled in its respective subsection of the “Summary Results – Third Quarter” section.
- Adjusted EPS (fully diluted) is calculated as adjusted net earnings divided by diluted weighted average number of shares outstanding.
- Free cash flow is calculated as cash flows from operating activities, plus proceeds on disposal of property, equipment and investment property and lease terminations, less acquisitions of property, equipment, investment property and intangibles, interest paid and payments of lease liabilities, net of payments received from finance subleases. Management uses free cash flow as a measure to assess the amount of cash available for debt repayment, dividend payments and other investing and financing activities. Free cash flow is reconciled to GAAP measures as reported on the consolidated statements of cash flows, and is presented in the “Free Cash Flow” section of this MD&A.

- Funded debt is all interest-bearing debt, which includes bank loans, bankers' acceptances, long-term debt and long-term lease liabilities. Management believes that funded debt represents the most relevant indicator of the Company's total financial obligations on which interest payments are made.
- Total capital is calculated as funded debt plus shareholders' equity, net of non-controlling interest.

The following table reconciles the Company's funded debt and total capital to GAAP measures as reported on the balance sheets as at February 4, 2023, May 7, 2022 and January 29, 2022, respectively:

(\$ in millions)	Feb. 4, 2023		May 7, 2022		Jan. 29, 2022	
Long-term debt due within one year	\$	103.1	\$	581.0	\$	53.8
Long-term debt		908.8		595.7		1,090.3
Lease liabilities due within one year		545.0		509.5		556.2
Long-term lease liabilities		5,653.3		5,775.9		5,793.3
Funded debt	\$	7,210.2	\$	7,462.1	\$	7,493.6
Total shareholders' equity, net of non-controlling interest		5,151.7		4,991.5		4,789.9
Total capital	\$	12,361.9	\$	12,453.6	\$	12,283.5

### Food Retailing Segment Reconciliation

The following tables adjust Empire's Food retailing operating income, EBITDA, and net earnings, net of non-controlling interest, for certain items to better analyze trends in performance. These adjustments result in a truer economic representation of the underlying business on a comparative basis.

(\$ in millions)	13 Weeks Ended			\$	39 Weeks Ended			\$
	Feb. 4, 2023	Jan. 29, 2022	Change		Feb. 4, 2023	Jan. 29, 2022	Change	
Operating income	\$ 212.3	\$ 313.1	\$ (100.8)	\$	\$ 835.6	\$ 955.8	\$ (120.2)	
Adjustment:								
Cybersecurity Event	52.6	-	52.6		52.6	-	52.6	
Adjusted operating income	\$ 264.9	\$ 313.1	\$ (48.2)	\$	\$ 888.2	\$ 955.8	\$ (67.6)	

(\$ in millions)	13 Weeks Ended			\$	39 Weeks Ended			\$
	Feb. 4, 2023	Jan. 29, 2022	Change		Feb. 4, 2023	Jan. 29, 2022	Change	
EBITDA	\$ 471.9	\$ 555.7	\$ (83.8)	\$	\$ 1,595.1	\$ 1,669.9	\$ (74.8)	
Adjustment:								
Cybersecurity Event	52.6	-	52.6		52.6	-	52.6	
Adjusted EBITDA	\$ 524.5	\$ 555.7	\$ (31.2)	\$	\$ 1,647.7	\$ 1,669.9	\$ (22.2)	

(\$ in millions)	13 Weeks Ended			\$	39 Weeks Ended			\$
	Feb. 4, 2023	Jan. 29, 2022	Change		Feb. 4, 2023	Jan. 29, 2022	Change	
Net earnings	\$ 110.3	\$ 173.7	\$ (63.4)	\$	\$ 446.6	\$ 512.7	\$ (66.1)	
Adjustment:								
Cybersecurity Event	39.1	-	39.1		39.1	-	39.1	
Adjusted net earnings	\$ 149.4	\$ 173.7	\$ (24.3)	\$	\$ 485.7	\$ 512.7	\$ (27.0)	

### Financial Metrics

The intent of the following non-GAAP financial metrics is to provide additional useful information to investors and analysts. Management uses financial metrics for decision-making, internal reporting, budgeting and forecasting. The Company's definitions of the metrics included in this MD&A are as follows:

- Same-store sales are sales from stores in the same location in both reporting periods. Management believes same-store sales represents a supplementary metric to assess sales trends as it removes the effect of the opening and closure of stores.
- Same-store sales, excluding fuel are sales from stores in the same location in both reporting periods excluding the fuel sales from stores in the same location in both reporting periods. Management believes same-store sales, excluding fuel represents a supplementary metric to assess sales trends as it removes the effect of the opening and closure of stores and the volatility of fuel prices.

- Gross margin is gross profit divided by sales. Management believes that gross margin is an important indicator of profitability and can help management, analysts and investors assess the competitive landscape and promotional environment of the industry in which the Company operates. An increasing percentage indicates lower cost of sales as a percentage of sales.
- EBITDA margin is EBITDA divided by sales. Management believes that EBITDA margin is an important indicator of performance and can help management, analysts and investors assess the competitive landscape, promotional environment and cost structure of the industry in which the Company operates. An increasing percentage indicates higher EBITDA as a percentage of sales.
- Adjusted EBITDA margin is adjusted EBITDA divided by sales. Management believes that adjusted EBITDA margin is an important indicator of performance and can help management, analysts and investors assess the competitive landscape, promotional environment and cost structure of the industry in which the Company operates. An increasing percentage indicates higher adjusted EBITDA as a percentage of sales.
- Funded debt to total capital ratio is funded debt divided by total capital. Management believes that the funded debt to total capital ratio represents a measure upon which the Company's changing capital structure can be analyzed over time. An increasing ratio would indicate that the Company is using an increasing amount of debt in its capital structure.
- Funded debt to EBITDA ratio is funded debt divided by trailing four-quarter EBITDA. Management uses this ratio to partially assess the financial condition of the Company. An increasing ratio would indicate that the Company is utilizing more debt per dollar of EBITDA generated.
- EBITDA to interest expense ratio is trailing four-quarter EBITDA divided by trailing four-quarter interest expense. Management uses this ratio to partially assess the coverage of its interest expense on financial obligations. An increasing ratio would indicate that the Company is generating more EBITDA per dollar of interest expense, resulting in greater interest coverage.
- Book value per common share is shareholders' equity, net of non-controlling interest, divided by total common shares outstanding.

The following table shows the calculation of Empire's book value per common share as at February 4, 2023, May 7, 2022 and January 29, 2022:

(\$ in millions, except per share information)	Feb. 4, 2023		May 7, 2022		Jan. 29, 2022
Shareholders' equity, net of non-controlling interest	\$	5,151.7	\$	4,991.5	\$ 4,789.9
Shares outstanding (basic)		257.9		265.2	264.1
Book value per common share	\$	19.98	\$	18.82	\$ 18.14

Additional financial information relating to Empire, including the Company's Annual Information Form, can be found on the Company's website [www.empireco.ca](http://www.empireco.ca) or on the SEDAR website for Canadian regulatory filings at [www.sedar.com](http://www.sedar.com).

Approved by Board of Directors: March 15, 2023  
Stellarton, Nova Scotia, Canada